PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NO. 5530 8 November 2024

MR GEORGE MICHALAKIS, MP

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INTRODUCE A PRIVATE MEMBER'S BILL AND INVITATION FOR COMMENT ON THE DRAFT, NAMELY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT: MUNICIPAL STRUCTURES AMENDMENT BILL, 2024

Mr George Michalakis, MP, acting in accordance with section 73(2) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, read with Rule 276(1)(c) of the Rules of the National Assembly (9th Edition) intends to introduce the Local Government: Municipal Structures Amendment Bill, 2023, ("the draft Bill") in Parliament, and hereby publishes the attached Bill for public comment in terms of Rule 276(4) of the Rules of the National Assembly (9th Edition) and section 154(2) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996.

Organised local government, municipalities, interested parties and institutions are invited to submit written representations on the proposed content of the draft Bill to the Speaker of the National Assembly within 30 days of the publication of this notice. Representations can be delivered to the Speaker, New Assembly Building, Parliament Street, Cape Town; mailed to the Speaker, PO Box 15, Cape Town, 8000; or emailed to speaker@parliament.gov.za and copied to legislation@da.org.za.

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REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

LOCAL GOVERNMENT: MUNICIPAL STRUCTURES AMENDMENT BILL

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 75); The Bill and prior notice of its introduction published in Government Gazette No. 51526 of 8 November 2024)

(The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MR. G MICHALAKIS, MP)

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GENERAL EXPLANATORY NOTE:

[]	Words in bold type in square brackets indicate omissions from existing
		enactments.
	_	Words underlined with a solid line indicate insertions inexisting enactments.

BILL

To amend the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998, so as to limit the frequency in terms of which a motion to remove a speaker from office may be tabled; to provide for circumstances when tabling of a motion for the removal of a speaker from office will not be limited; to limit the frequency in terms of which a motion to remove a whip from office may be tabled; to provide for circumstances when tabling of a motion for the removal of a whip from office will not be limited; to limit the frequency in terms of which a motion to remove an executive mayor or deputy executive mayor from office may be tabled; to provide for circumstances when tabling of a motion for the removal of an executive mayor or deputy executive mayor from office will not be limited; to provide a municipal council to make rules to regulate the appointment of an independent panel to determine the validity of a motion to remove a speaker, a whip, an executive mayor or an executive deputy mayor from office; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

 ${f B}$ E IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

Amendment of section 40 of Act 117 of 1998

1. Section 40 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117

- of 1998) (hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act"), is hereby amended by the substitution for section 40 of the following section:
- "(1) A municipal council by resolution may remove its speaker from office. [Prior notice of an intention to move a motion for the removal of the speaker must be given.]
- (2) Prior notice of an intention to move a motion for the removal of the speaker must be given.
- (3) A notice of intention to move a motion for the removal of a speaker may only be tabled once in a period of 12 months.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a motion contemplated in subsection (2) may be tabled where the grounds for removal from office are as a result of—
 - (a) a violation of the Constitution or the law;
 - (b) misconduct; or
 - (c) an inability to perform the functions of office.
- (5) When a motion contemplated in subsection (2) or (4) is in order, the speaker must immediately refer the motion to an independent panel established for the purposes of considering the preliminary validity of the motion.
- (6) A municipal council must make rules to regulate the establishment and appointment of the panel referred to in subsection (5).".

Amendment of section 41E of Act 117 of 1998 as inserted by section 19 of Act 3 of 2021

- **2.** Section 41E of the principal Act is hereby amended by the addition of the following subsections:
- "(3) A notice of intention to move a motion for the removal of the whip may only be tabled once in a period of 12 months.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a motion contemplated in subsection (2) may be tabled where the grounds for removal from office are as a result of—
 - (a) a violation of the Constitution or the law;
 - (b) misconduct; or
- (c) an inability to perform the functions of office.
- (5) When the motion contemplated to in subsection (2) or (3) is in order, the speaker must

immediately refer the motion to an independent panel established for the purposes of considering the preliminary validity of the motion.

(6) A municipal council must make rules to regulate the establishment and appointment of the panel referred to in subsection (5).".

Amendment of section 58 of Act 117 of 1998

- **3.** Section 58 of the principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution for section 58 of the following section:
- "(1) A municipal council, by resolution may remove its executive mayor or deputy executive mayor from office. [Prior notice of an intention to move a motion for the removal of the executive mayor or deputy executive mayor must be given.]
- (2) Prior notice of an intention to move a motion for the removal of the executive mayor or deputy executive mayor must be given.
- (3) A notice of intention to move a motion for the removal of an executive mayor or deputy executive mayor may only be tabled once in a period of 12 months.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a motion contemplated to in subsection (2) may be tabled where the grounds for removal from office are as a result of—
 - (a) a violation of the Constitution or the law;
 - (b) misconduct; or
 - (c) inability to perform the functions of office.
- (5) When the motion contemplated in subsection (2) or (4) is in order, the speaker must immediately refer the motion to an independent panel established for the purposes of considering the preliminary validity of the motion.
- (6) A municipal council must make rules to regulate the establishment and appointment of the panel referred to in subsection (5).".

Short title and commencement

4. This Act is called the Local Government: Municipal Structures Amendment Act, 2024 and comes into operation on a date determined by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

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MEMORANDUM ON THE OBJECTS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT: MUNICIPAL STRUCTURES AMENDMENT BILL, 2024

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 South Africa is currently in a transitionary phase where the ruling party no longer holds majorities in a number of metros or councils across South Africa. With the 2026 local government elections around the corner, coalition governments will now be the "new norm". Parties and Independent Candidates will have to come together and form workable coalitions for the good of South Africa.
- 1.2 However, what we have witnessed at municipal level are continuous political attacks on coalition governments from opposition parties who politick smaller parties to cross the floor in exchange for valuable Mayoral Committee positions should the current government be successfully removed by way of a motion of no confidence. What we see in practice is motions of no confidence being used as a political tool, rather than for the mechanism it was originally intended, being a process to remove a speaker or mayor from office due to them not fulfilling their duties adequately. In fact, these motions are brought on spurious grounds only because the opposition coalition has 50% +1 of the votes to pass the motion. The result is that these motions make cities or municipalities ungovernable as a new Executive is installed every other month, not allowing the incumbent government enough time to actually make a difference.
- 1.3 There can be no question that this practice will continue which has, and will continue to have, a disastrous impact on the stability and running of a municipality. What needs to change is simple there needs to be a limitation on the number of motions of no confidence that are allowed to be brought in a certain time frame. This will, at the very least, give the relevant government an uninterrupted period in which to perform or steady the province.
- 1.4 Local Government: Municipal Structures Amendment Bill, 2024 ("the Bill") therefore intends to limit the number of motions of no confidence in executive mayors, deputy executive mayors, speakers and whips, as the case may be, to only one motion per 12 month period from the date of the last motion. However, as a safety mechanism, the draft Bill will propose that additional motions of no confidence may be brought in exceptional circumstances where the grounds for removal are as a result of a violation of the Constitution

or the law; misconduct or the inability to perform the functions of office.

1.5 The purpose of this provision is to safeguard against instances where a motion of no confidence is brought on frivolous political grounds but then shortly thereafter, there is a real and valid ground for such removal.

2. OBJECTS OF THE BILL

2.1 The purpose of the Bill is to amend the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998) ("the Act"), so as to limit the frequency in which motions to remove a speaker, whip, executive mayor or deputy executive mayor, from office may be tabled, but to also provide for circumstances in which the tabling of a motion for the removal of a speaker, whip, executive mayor or deputy executive mayor, from office will not be limited. The Bill further provides for the speaker to appoint an independent panel to determine the validity of a motion to remove a speaker, whip, executive mayor or deputy executive mayor, from office and to provide for matters connected therewith.

3. CONTENTS OF THE BILL

- 3.1 Clause 1 amends the Act by amending section 40 to provide that a motion tabled for the removal of a speaker may only be brought once per every 12-month period. Clause 1 also provides that notwithstanding this limitation, a motion for the removal of a speaker may be brought at any time where particular grounds have been met. Upon tabling of such a motion, the speaker must refer the motion to an independent panel to establish the validity of said motion.
- 3.2 Clause 2 amends the Act by amending section 41E to provide that a motion tabled for the removal of a whip may only be brought once per every 12 month period. Clause 2 also provides that notwithstanding subclause (1), a motion for the removal of a whip may be brought at any time where grounds have been met. Upon tabling of such motion, the speaker must refer the motion to an independent panel to establish the validity of said motion.
- 3.3 Clause 3 amends the Act by amending section 58 to provide that a motion tabled for the removal of an executive mayor or deputy executive mayor may only be brought once per every 12-month period. Clause 3 also provides that notwithstanding this limitation a motion

for the removal of an executive mayor or deputy executive mayor may also be brought at any time where grounds have been met. Upon tabling of such a motion, the speaker must refer the motion to an independent panel to establish the validity of said motion.

3.4 Clause 4 provides for the short title and commencement of the Bill.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS FOR THE STATE

A financial impact assessment may be completed upon introduction of the draft Bill.

5. DEPARTMENTS, BODIES OR PERSONS CONSULTED

None

6. PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURE

- 6.1 The Member proposes that the Bill must be dealt with in accordance with the procedure established by section 75 of the Constitution since it contains no provision to which the procedure set out in section 74 or 76 of the Constitution applies.
- 6.2 The Member is of the opinion that the Bill may be referred to the National House of Traditional and Khoi-San Leaders in terms of section 39(1)(a) of the Traditional and Khoi-San Leadership Act, 2019 (Act No. 3 of 2019), as it contains provisions pertaining to a matter referred to in section 154(2) of the Constitution.